

R

rpt June 11, 1943

GERMANY

SCHAAK, Prof. W.

Recently appointed Chief Physician of the Potsdam Municipal Hospital / one of Russia's leading surgeons; in April 1942, was evacuated from Leningrad to Kislovodsk; when German troops approached the Kislovodsk in the summer of 1942 he placed himself at the disposal of the German Medical Corps / until his recent appointment to the Potsdam Hospital, served as surgeon in a German field hospital.

Berlin radio, June 11, 1943
FCC, Daily Report, June 11, 1943

(21098)

BR

F

GERMANY

rpt September 1941

SCHACHT, HJALMAR HORACE GREELEY

Former German Minister of Economy and head of the German Reichsbank / born Tingleff, Schleswig, January 22, 1877; son of William Schacht (a merchant) and Constanze Freiin von Eggers S.; married Louise Sowa, 1903; has 1 daughter and 1 son; studied economics in Munich, Leipzig, Berlin and Kiel (received the degree of Ph.D.), 1895-99 / member of the directorate of the Dresdener Bank (Germany), 1908-15, participant in the National Bank of Germany, 1916-23; President of the German Reichsbank, 1923-30; 1933-38; German Minister for Economy, 1934-38; resigned as Minister of Economy, 1939, and was replaced by Walter Funk; is credited with having maintained Germany's financial structure despite the greatest difficulties during the most trying period, and with having evolved many unusual financial expedients in order to accomplish this end / author of several articles and books published both in Germany and this country, among the latter being: Stabilization of the (over)

- 2 - rpt September 1940

GERMANY SCHACHT, Dr. HJALMAR HORACE GREELEY

Mark, 1928; End of Reparations^a (translated by Lewis Gannett),
1931.

Who's Who Monthly Supplement, September 1940

11679

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

SCHACHT, ?

Son of Hjalmar SCHACHT (q.v.); spent several years with his mother (deceased) in America; rather unassuming; worked in Continental Trust and Savings Bank of Chicago for some time; his father's Berlin friends are sure he had secreted some money in this bank.

OSB, New York, Sigrid Schultz, Oct. 30, 1942
(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

11679

7-16

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY ~~(see SWITZERLAND)~~

SCHACHT, DR. HJALMAR

Quite a Lothario; had affairs with various Berlin society women; von KALCKREUTH (q.v.) and Frau Anna HOFFMANN - HEMPEL (see Switzerland); finally divorced his wife and, according to rumour, married his secretary; has son (q.v.), and daughter married to Nazi diplomat; he and Nazis have deliberately and periodically spread rumours that he is in disgrace with Hitler, whereas he has never stopped working for him; made much of his resignation as Minister of Economics, but maintained connections with Reichsbank; on "pleasure trips" carried out Hitler's orders, and went to Balkans and India; while in India, at HIMMLER's request, got some data on Yogi science in which Himmler is trying to interest Hitler; perfected German barter schemes and financial manipulations which enabled Germany to obtain all foreign currency it need-

(90)

-2-

ed; after seizure of Rumania, tried to introduce a world wide currency but failed.

OSS: New York, Sigrid Schultz, Oct. 30, 1942
(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

9348

GERMANY

rpt July 1942

SCHACHT, HJALMAR HORACE GREELEY

Reported to be in Switzerland; report is believed to have been confirmed, but this is not certain; if Schacht is in Switzerland, source believes that by sending Schacht personal greetings through Swiss friends he can maintain a connection with Schacht which might later prove valuable to Allies / aside from himself, source believes that Otto SKIDELS (UNITED STATES) knows Schacht better than anyone else.

Paul Schwartz (former German Consul, New York City), July 1942
OSS, New York, July 15, 1942

(11098)

CD 10431

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

SCHACHT, Dr.

There is an unconfirmed report through Zurich banking circles that Dr. Schacht has been delegated the task of studying post-war problems, i.e., the economic, political, and financial basis on which Germany should ^{come to terms} ~~negotiate~~ with more than one of its enemies, either in a compromise peace or after a German victory.

#5433 from 9330

November 25, 1942

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11679

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

To February 1941

SCHACHT

Got into conflicts with W. KEPPLER (q.v.) which resulted in Hitler's sending the latter to Austria.

OSB, New York, Sigrid Schultz, December 15, 1942
(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

15567

REFERENCE CARD

to February 1941

GERMANY

SCHACHT, HJALMAR

One of those who cooperated with German Secret General Staff shortly after it was formed immediately after the Armistice of 1918; for others who cooperated, see HAUSHOFER.

ROSS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, January 20, 1943
(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

12679

S

SWITZERLAND (see GERMANY)

to October 1941

SCHACHT, EJALMAR

Involved in a very hot affair with sculptress, Anna HOFMANN-HEMPERL (q.v., SWITZERLAND); managed to get rid of her by furthering her artistic career, and finally getting her settled in Switzerland.

OSS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, October 14, 1942
(Source left Germany in February 1941)

(11098)

CD 12544

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

January 3, 1943

GERMANY

SCHACHT

Enjoys a kind of freedom as the Führer's fool, since he is now making malicious remarks and feigning incipient insanity.

#16
OSS, Stockholm, January 3, 1943

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

rpt January 22, 343

SCHACHT, Dr. HJALMAR

Shortly ^{after} ~~before~~ war broke out in 1939, resigned as chief of Ministry of Commerce and Industry in favor of GÖTTING / according to Neue Deutsche Volkszeitung, HITLER has now entrusted him with working out of economic plans / has been one of those "anti-Nazis" whom Hitler has held in readiness to deal with democracies; he knows many people in Great Britain and neutral countries and can claim that he has never been an ardent Nazi / his re-emergence may mean Hitler is trying to build connections with United Nations for compromise settlement.

Navy Intercept, January 22, 1943, document destroyed

16482

GERMANY

rpt February 27, 1943

SCHACHT, Dr.

Intimate friend of Dr. JEIDELS (UNITED STATES) when the latter was banking in Germany.

Reliable source

OSS, Washington, February 27, 1943

(11098)

16482

GERMANY

rpt February 27, 1943

SCHACHT

Should be watched closely / the so-called 'bad relationship' between him and FUNK is intended exclusively to mislead others.

Reliable source
OSS, Washington, February 27, 1943

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CD 15536

REFERENCE CARD

rpt March 2, 1943

GERMANY

SCHACHT, HJALMAR

As a result of a pessimistic memorandum that he submitted on Germany's political and military situation, Hitler personally ordered his exclusion from the German cabinet about three weeks ago; Schacht was then put under surveillance by the Gestapo; he retired to his country place, about 50 miles from Berlin.

Trustworthy source

OSS, Bern, March 2, 1943

GERMANY

rpt April 9, 1943

SCHACHT, HJALMAR

Has retired to Lienzi, a quiet spot in the Tyrol / after his retirement as head of Reichsbank and Minister of Economics he was renamed Minister without Portfolio but was never seen in public or in the Reichstag; was elected honorary member of the party and wore the golden party emblem / reason for his dismissal is rumored to be a blistering letter he wrote GÖERING regarding official policy; the letter appears not to have had the desired effect and Schacht has been ousted from the party and requested to return his golden membership badge; as a result of this he is alleged to have demanded the refunding of membership dues paid during the past year.

Private source, Berlin, via telephone from Bern, April 9, 1943
New York Times, April 10, 1943, p. 2

(11598)

CD 18048

GERMANY

rpt April 24, 1943

SCRACHT

Believed to be not in prison but in 'residence surveillé.'

#288-289

OSS, Bern, April 24, 1943

BP-fu

C

GERMANY

rpt June 9, 1943

SCHACHT, HJALMAR

His daughter, ^{Inge} married Albert Hilger von SCHERPENBERG (q.v.) of the Foreign Office.

FT Report No. 25, June 9, 1943

(13796)

CD 21671

8

GERMANY

rpt July 3, 1943

SCHACHT

His place near Berlin is under Gestapo guard; it is very difficult even for his close friends to see him alone.

Very recent reports

#381

OSS, Bern, July 3, 1943

(11098)

CID 16658-F

GERMANY

1935

SCHACK, Major

In 1935 he wrote a polemic against introduction of psychological research into army curriculum; he maintained that its practice was important but should be confined to army officers rather than outside academicians and theorists.

Committee for National Morale, German Psychological Warfare,
New York, September 1941, pp. 10, 72

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R

GERMANY

rpt August 4, 1943

SCHACK, Maj. General

Was promoted from colonel to maj. general.

FCC, Daily Report, August 4, 1943

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BR FU-312

C

GERMANY

SCHADE, WOLFGANG

1117981

A-39

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

SCHÄNDLE, CHIEF SHOCK LEADER

Second in command of SS bodyguard of Hitler's ~~GHQ~~

Personalities in Hitler's ~~GHQ~~
Die Welt Woche, July 24, 1942

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

SCHÄFER

S.A. Group Leader in 1933.

Flood and Banquets by Bella Fromm - Harper's Magazine, Oct. 1942

A 2907

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

rpt October 18,
1942

SCHÄFER

Holds position of Chief in new mission in the Waffen SS known as Commando Extraordinary 'K', in which Dr. Bruno BEGER (q.v.) is working.

Letter by Begger, October 18, 1942
OSS, Tangier, February 6, 1943

F

GERMANY

rpt April 2, 1945

SCHÄFER, Dr. GOTTHOLD

Has recently been promoted from colonel to maj. general.

Pariser Zeitung, April 2, 1945
Press Survey

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January 1, 1943

GERMANY

SCHÄFER, Lt. General HANS

His promotion from Major General
to Lt. General effective January
1, 1943.

State Department Plain Cable #841, Bern, February 5, 1943

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R

GERMANY

rpt June 19, 1943

SCHAFER, KARL

Of the S.S. / recently promoted from sr. colonel to maj. general
of S.S.

Berlin radio, June 19, 1943

FCC, Daily Report, June 21, 1943

10981

February 1, 1943

GERMANY

SCHALL-EMDEN, Vice Admiral

His promotion from Rear Admiral
to Vice Admiral effective February
1, 1943.

State Department Plain Cable #844, Bern, February 5, 1943

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

SCHARFE, SS GENERAL PAUL (deceased)

Chief of SS Tribunal at Starnberg, Munich; died at age of 66.

German Press report from Zurich, quoted in State Dept. Plain
Cable #3629, Bern, Aug. 6, 1942

December 14, 1942

GERMANY

SCHARITZER, Deputy Gauleiter

Condemned pessimism of doubters and
grumblers.

Wiener Neuste Nachrichten, Vienna, December 14, 1942
European Press Intelligence, Propaganda Analysis Section,
December 26, 1942

(11008)

BR FU-20

C

GERMANY

SCHARNAGL, Prelate

(11098)

BR FU-26

C

GERMANY

SCHARNAGL, Prelate Dr. ANTON

(1098)

FR FU-19

C

GERMANY

SCHARNAGL, KARL

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BE FU-10

C

GERMANY

SCHARR, HEINRICH

(1.098)

February 22, 1943

GERMANY

SCHARPING, Dr.

Speaking on Political Review on February 22, 1943, he dealt with European defense and reconstruction, and declared all central-eastern Europe to be united against Bolshevism.

Daily Propaganda Report, February 23, 1943

(11098)

CR

rpt November 3, 1942

GERMANY

SCHATZ, ANNEMARIE

Has joined the 'Blitz²madel' and is leaving immediately to be a Luftnachrichtenhelferin (as a wireless operator or in some similar capacity); as soon as she is of age she can register for duty in some occupied or friendly country, and can thereby see the world.

Letter from Trude PROBST (GERMANY), November 3, 1942, to Marianne PROBST (GREAT BRITAIN)
INT 12045

(1098)

A-39

REFERENCE CARD

WM 7-16

GERMANY

SCHAUB

SS Group leader, on Hitler's personal staff at GHQ; also close to Hitler at Reichskanzlei and Obersalzberg.

Personalities in Hitler's GHQ
Die Welt Woche, Berne, 8/1/42

7-16

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

To June 1942

SCHAUB, JULIUS

A crude, uncouth, stupid, ignorant and vicious person.

OSS, Oechsner, December 8, 1942 (oral)

R

rpt June 19, 1943

GERMANY

SCHAUB, General

Recently promoted from lt. general to general of the S.S.

Berlin radio, June 19, 1943

FCC, Daily Report, June 21, 1943

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A-234-754 MAN

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

11 November 1942

SCHAUBERG, Governor General

Paris Military Governor / living at the Hotel Meignice, 228
rue de Rivoli, Tel. Opera 32-40 - Interurbain 190.

Information as of November 1942
B, December 9, 1942
(N File)

CD

S-3

GERMANY

August 26, 1943

SCHAUMBURG, Prince

One of many high officers who have recently been executed /
for others see von ARNIM.

OSS #21572, Bern, August 26, 1943

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F

GERMANY

rpt May 12, 1943

SCHAUMBURG, Lt. Gen. ERNST von

Commandant of city of Paris; has been replaced by General von
BOINEBURG LENGSELD.

Rome radio

Baltimore Sun, May 12, 1943

(11078)

BR FU-746

GERMANY

SHECK, GUSTAV

(11098)

R

rpt May 19, 1943

GERMANY

SCHRELL, Dr.

Reich Students' Leader / at a recent reception which he held at the Gumboldt Club in Berlin for foreign students leaders, installed his authorized Deputy, Reich Students' Leader Dr. Ulrich GMELIN as Honorary President, which office was formerly occupied by Lt. General of the SA, von MASSOW.

Berlin radio, May 19, 1943

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GERMANY

September 1941

SCHERER, Admiral

Made an admiral in Toulon in September 1941.

OHI to SI Northern European desk (Danne), August 13, 1943

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REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

SCHERRER, WILLI

Chief of Administrative Department of Auslandsinstitut,
Stuttgart.

Nazi Movement in the United States
June 1940, p. 238 (returned to FN)

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IP-H

A-234-754 MAN

REFERENCE CARD

FRANCE

November 1942

SCHPEEL, Major

Connected with the Caserne de Reuilly, tel. Diderot 45-82, one of the three barracks in Paris in which German troops, under Lt. SCHOTT, are kept day and night in a state of alert in case of trouble / the other two barracks are Caserne Philippe de Girard (Major KUNBERT) and Caserne Mortier (Major von BERGEN).

Information as of November 1942
B, December 9, 1942

rpt April 25, 1943

GERMANY

SCHNEFF, WILLY

Broadcasts over Berlin radio to Portugal and the Colonies, as does Dr. Herculano ECA (q.v.).

Berlin radio, April 25, 1943
FCC, Daily Report, April 26, 1943

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